# Sadness in the spotlight



It's okay to feel sad. In fact, everyone feels sad from time to time. It's a normal human reaction to challenging, disappointing or distressing experiences. Sadness not only makes you feel miserable, irritable and tearful, it can also have physical symptoms such as stomach aches, headaches and insomnia.

While no one likes to be sad, it is an important part of the human experience.

## The importance of sadness

All our emotions, including happiness, joy, fear and anger, drive our thoughts, actions and give our lives meaning. Sadness is especially important because it helps develop emotional resilience – the ability to learn from our mistakes, change behaviours and bounce back from adversity. When we're sad, we're more likely to analyze the things that are causing us to feel blue, what we may be doing wrong and how we can change the situation.

Sadness may also foster creativity. Happiness feels great, but it can distract us or make us less likely to contemplate life, examine our feelings or focus and persevere on a task.

Everyone experiences life differently. Upbringing, culture and life experiences all play roles in how we react to situations, but some of us are simply genetically programmed to be more sensitive – we cry and laugh easily and feel great empathy for others. While we can't alter our DNA or our past, or prevent stressful or upsetting events from happening, we can find ways to better cope with sadness.

# Coping with sadness

Unfortunately, many people try to numb negative emotions with alcohol, legal or illegal drugs (including nicotine) or other unhealthy behaviours. However, it's more productive to acknowledge our feelings and give ourselves time to deal with problems. The next time you feel sad, try some of these tips:

- Don't retreat into self-pity. Instead remember that sadness is a valid emotion and part of life.
- Talk to people you trust. They can help provide perspective, advice and encouragement during difficult times.
- Maintain a healthy lifestyle. When we're feeling sad, we can overeat or indulge in sugary, fatty or highly processed "comfort" foods. Stay focused on a healthy diet, staying active, getting plenty of sleep and watching your alcohol and caffeine intake.
- Help others. Supporting and caring for others will make you feel better about life.
- Laugh. The best cure for sadness is happiness. Do things that bring you joy: get together with family and friends, watch your favourite sport, play an instrument, take the kids to the park or just go to a funny movie.
- Tackle one problem at a time. It doesn't matter if you start with the biggest or smallest problem, just make a list and begin.

Finally, remember that sadness passes and you'll feel better soon.

### The difference between sadness and depression

Sadness is very different from depression. Sadness is a *temporary* feeling about *something*. Depression is a *lasting*, intense unhappiness about *everything*. Unlike sadness, depression is a mental illness that can occur without reason or warning and often worsens without treatment.

#### **Depression is:**

- Intense sadness that lasts all day, every day, for more than two weeks.
- Loss of interest or enjoyment in favourite activities.

- Feelings of worthlessness.
- Excessive or inappropriate feelings of guilt.
- Thoughts of death or suicide.
- Trouble concentrating and making decisions.
- Feelings of restlessness or being slowed down.
- Often life altering.

Life is full of ups and downs, highs and lows. Without sadness we wouldn't appreciate happy moments, want to change negative behaviours or situations or work to improve our lives. However, if your sadness does not pass and you're feeling overwhelmed, speak to your family physician or access counselling through your Employee and Family Assistance Program.